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1	ACCESS TO RESEARCH WORKERS'
2	PERSONAL INFORMATION
3	2008 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Gregory S. Bell
6	House Sponsor: Douglas C. Aagard
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies the Government Records Access and Management Act to add
11	protected status to certain information.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	provides that the name, addresses, and phone numbers of individuals who perform,
15	or provide supplies or services for, medical or scientific research at an institution
16	within the state system of higher education that is conducted using animals be
17	classified as protected documents.
18	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	63-2-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
25	
26	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
27	Section 1. Section 63-2-304 is amended to read:
28	63-2-304. Protected records.
29	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:

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30 (1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret 31 has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63-2-308; 32 (2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a 33 person if: 34 (a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair 35 competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the 36 governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future; 37 (b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access 38 than the public in obtaining access; and 39 (c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the 40 information specified in Section 63-2-308; 41 (3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity 42 to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or 43 commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause 44 substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy; 45 (4) records the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a 46 competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as 47 defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4); 48 (5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration, 49 employment, or academic examinations; 50 (6) records the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement 51 proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or 52 agreement with a governmental entity, except that this Subsection (6) does not restrict the right

(7) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:

of a person to see bids submitted to or by a governmental entity after bidding has closed;

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(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information outweighs the governmental

entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;

(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;

- (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;
- (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value of the property; or
- (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
- (8) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value of the subject property, unless:
- (a) the public interest in access outweighs the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or
- (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
- (9) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:
- (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
- (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;
 - (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial

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(d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or

- (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
 - (10) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;
- (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;
- (12) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;
- (13) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's jurisdiction;
- (14) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with audits or collections;
- (15) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until the final audit is released;
- (16) records prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity solely in anticipation of litigation that are not available under the rules of discovery;
- 113 (17) records disclosing an attorney's work product, including the mental impressions or

114 legal theories of an attorney or other representative of a governmental entity concerning 115 litigation; 116 (18) records of communications between a governmental entity and an attorney 117 representing, retained, or employed by the governmental entity if the communications would be 118 privileged as provided in Section 78B-1-137; 119 (19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or 120 from a member of the Legislature; and 121 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of 122 legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and 123 (b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection 124 with the preparation of legislation between: 125 (A) members of a legislative body; 126 (B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or (C) members of a legislative body's staff; and 127 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of 128 129 legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; 130 (20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and 131 General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated 132 legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the 133 legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and 134 (b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the 135 Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator asks 136 that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such time as 137 the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public; 138 (21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared in 139 140 response to these requests; 141 (22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;

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142 (23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about collective bargaining or 143 pending litigation; 144 (24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that 145 may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the 146 Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities; 147 (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation 148 concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of 149 personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest; 150 (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or 151 biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of 152 valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information; 153 (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would 154 conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency; 155 (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in 156 Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, 157 retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in 158 accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of 159 the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students 160 admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section; 161 (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative 162 proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated 163 policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected 164 those policies or courses of action or made them public; 165 (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, 166 revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final 167 recommendations in these areas; 168 (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state

that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected

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records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;

- (32) transcripts, minutes, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
- (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;
- (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
- (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
- (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
- (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of the donor, provided that:
 - (a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
- (b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
- (c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority over

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198	the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled by the
199	donor or the donor's immediate family;
200	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and
201	73-18-13;
202	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
203	34A-2-205;
204	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
205	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,
206	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
207	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
208	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
209	(A) relating to research; and
210	(B) of:
211	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
212	53B-1-102; or
213	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
214	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
215	(iv) creative works in process;
216	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
217	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
218	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public information
219	required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
220	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
221	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General
222	that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the
223	date that audit is completed and made public; and
224	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
225	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that the

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226	records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General that would reveal
227	the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as protected
228	records until the audit is completed and made public;
229	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or
230	other document that indicates the location of:
231	(a) a production facility; or
232	(b) a magazine;
233	(43) information contained in the database described in Section 62A-3-311.1;
234	(44) information contained in the Management Information System and Licensing
235	Information System described in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services;
236	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
237	National Guard's federal mission;
238	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement
239	agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and
240	Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;
241	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed
242	by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
243	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to
244	Section 63-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program prepared or maintained by
245	the Division of Homeland Security the disclosure of which would jeopardize:
246	(a) the safety of the general public; or
247	(b) the security of:
248	(i) governmental property;
249	(ii) governmental programs; or
250	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Homeland Security
251	information;
252	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food relating to the National Animal
253	Identification System or any other program that provides for the identification, tracing, or

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that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:

(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section

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53B-1-102; and

(b) conducted using animals.